Surface Morphologies of Electrospun Fibers Induced by Electric Field

Na Meng¹, Masha Li¹, Xuan Dong¹, and Yongchun Zeng²

1. School of Fashion Engineering, Shanghai University of Engineering Science, Shanghai, China

2. College of Textile, Donghua University, Shanghai, China

Introduction



The electric field plays a key role in the formation of fibers during electrospinning process. The electric field strength and shape caused by the applied voltage between the spinneret and collector governs the electrospinning process.

The directions of the electric fields with different working distances were different, a shorter working distance creates a more deflected electric field near the spinneret. With the increasing of working distance, the electric field distribution

In this study, a comprehensively-designed and correctly-

implemented analysis was carried out to investigate the effects

of electric field on jet behavior and fiber morphology. Both

working distance and applied voltage, respectively, were

adjusted to manipulate the electric field shape and strength.

The three-dimensional electric fields were simulated to

understand the electric field distribution.



in the central area of the spinneret becomes more uniform,

and the electric field intensity decreases with working

distance increasing.



Figure 1. Schematics of experimental setups



0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 -150 -100 -50 0 50 100 150 300 z (mm) x (mm)

Figure 3. (a-b) Calculated electric field distribution in x-z plane at different working distances: (a) 100 mm, (b) 200 mm, (c) 300 mm; (d-e) Electric field intensities with different working distances: (d) electric field intensity along z-axis, (e) electric field intensity at the centerline along x-axis



Figure 2. Jet trajectories captured by high-speed photography

Figure 4. Electric field intensities with different applied voltages: (a)

electric field intensity along z-axis and (b) electric field intensity at z = 0 along x-axis.

Conclusions: This work describes investigations on the effects of electric field on jet behavior and resultant fiber

morphology during the electrospinning process, using both experimental and simulation methods. The simulation results show

that varying the working distance and applied voltage will change the electric field shape and strength, respectively.

References: Maghsoodlou S, Noroozi B, and Haghi AK. A Simple Model for Solvent Evaporation in Electrospinning Process. **Nano** 2016; 12: 1-12.

Excerpt from the Proceedings of the 2018 COMSOL Conference in Shanghai