Optimizing the Performance of MEMS Electrostatic Comb-Drive Actuator with Different Flexure Springs

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Abstract

Electrostatic comb drives are widely used in MEMS (Micro Electro Mechanical Devices). These comb drives having rectangular comb fingers which produce a stable and a constant force. Silicon has been the dominant mechanical material for MEMS fabrication. Comb drive actuators are used as resonators, electromechanical filters, optical shutters, micro-grippers etc. This paper explores the different spring designs of Micro actuators for its restoring force which improves its reliability. Due to large displacement and high stiffness springs of the actuator tend to crack from weak points and gives non linear effect. Stress distribution over different spring designs are simulated by using a standard comb drive with 4 movable comb fingers and by varying spring length device displacement could reach up to maximum of 2.85µm under 130V drive voltage. With increase in flexure length from 220µm to 280µm displacement and capacitance increases from 1.063µm to 2.85µm and 327pf to 352pf respectively at 130V. Capacitance increases with increasing finger overlap from 1µm to 3µm whereas finger overlap increases by increasing flexure length. The result concludes that the folded flexure spring beam is best for large deflections at low driving voltage due to its low stress, low stiffness, high sensitivity and low spring constant. It can also remove the side sticking. Simulation for different 2D structures is done by using COMSOL Multiphysics 3.5a as it provides advanced methods of solving moving boundaries with FEM as shown in Figure.1, Figure.2, Figure.3 and Figure.4.

Reference

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Figures used in the abstract

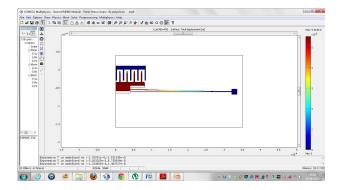


Figure 1: Comb Drive Actuator using Fixed – Fixed beam.

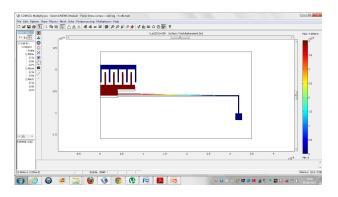


Figure 2: Comb Drive Actuator using Crab Leg Flexure beam.

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Figure 3: Comb Drive Actuator using Folded Flexure beam.

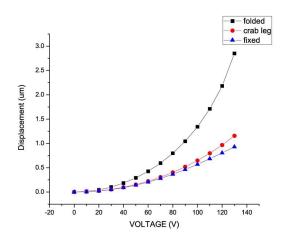


Figure 4: Comparison of three Flexures beams.